<u>STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE</u> <u>BEFORE THE</u> <u>PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION</u>

DE 14-238

Public Service Company of New Hampshire

Determination Regarding PSNH's Generation Assets

TESTIMONY

OF

RICHARD CHAGNON

September 18, 2015

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1 I. INTRODUCTION

2 Q. Please state your name and business address. 3 A. My name is Richard Chagnon. My business address is 21 South Fruit Street, 4 Suite 10, Concord, NH 03301. 5 **O**. Please state your position. 6 A. I am employed as a Utility Analyst in the Electric Division of the New Hampshire 7 Public Utilities Commission (Commission). 8 Please describe your professional and educational experience. **Q**. 9 A. I started at the Commission in May of 2015 as a Utility Analyst in the Electric Division. 10 Before joining the Commission, I was employed at Public Service of New Hampshire 11 (PSNH) for 36 years. My most recent position at PSNH was Division Manager of the 12 Seacoast Northern Division for 4 years. In this position I was responsible for account 13 executives assigned to the largest commercial and industrial customers, community 14 relations manager assigned to towns and community outreach programs, operations 15 manager assigned to six area work centers throughout the division, and associated staff 16 and crews. My responsibilities also included budgets, goals, employee safety, 17 environmental, employee relations, customers, and company policies and procedures. 18 Prior to my position as Division Manager, I held the position of Manager of Human 19 Resources for 4 years. In this position, I was responsible for implementing company 20 policies, employee training, employee discipline/promotion, employee compensation, 21 staffing, and internal investigations for over 1,400 employees in New Hampshire. I also 22 oversaw labor relations and labor contracts. Prior to my position as Manager of Human Relations, I held the position of Manager of Customer Systems & Training in the 23

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1		Customer Services Division for 3 years. In this position, I was responsible for directing
2		the requirements of the customer information system (CIS) for billing customer accounts,
3		CIS analysts, large power billing system, and the customer call center and credit
4		department training team. The other positions I held prior to this were Account
5		Executive, Conservation & Load Program Administrator, Credit & Collections Analyst,
6		Credit & Collections Supervisor, Meter Reading Supervisor, Meter Reading Foreman,
7		Line Worker and Meter Reader.
8		I received a Bachelor of Science Degree from Franklin Pierce College in
9		Marketing.
10	Q.	Have you previously testified before the Commission?
11	A.	No I have not.
12	Q.	What is the purpose of your testimony?
13	A.	My testimony will give the Commission additional information to consider when
14		reviewing the individual rate components which are proposed in the Settlement
15		Agreement (SA) for Stranded Cost Recovery Charge (SCRC) allocation to
16		PSNH's customer classes.

Q. What are the individual rate components which are proposed in the SA for SCRC allocation to PSNH's customer classes?

A. On page 10 of the SA the Settling Parties propose that the SCRC be allocated to PSNH's
customer rate classes in accordance with the following rate design:¹

5	Rate Class LG (large commercial/industrial)	5.75% of revenue requirement
6	Rate Class GV (medium commercial/industrial)	20.00% of revenue requirement
7	Rate Class G (small commercial/industrial)	25.00% of revenue requirement
8	Rate Class R (residential)	48.75% of revenue requirement
9	Rate Class OL (outdoor lighting)	0.50% of revenue requirement

10 Q. Please explain the reasoning of the Settling Parties proposed allocation of the SCRC 11 as outlined on page 10 of the SA.

- 12 A. The testimony submitted by Senator Bradley and Senator Feltes on July 10, 2015², states
- 13 their position concerning the proposed allocation of SCRC:
- 14 [W]e believe the rate design takes into account all PSNH customer classes
- 15 and fairly allocates the costs -- and the savings -- of divestiture.
- 16 Moreover, the proposed rate design helps with the ability to attract and
- 17 retain employment across industries. The proposed rate design mitigates
- 18 to a large extent the impact of the non-bypassable charge on large PSNH

¹ Note that some PSNH commercial/industrial customers have both LG and GV accounts due to metering, delivery voltage requirements, rate design, customer locations, and other factors. Also note that some customers have several GV accounts which, if combined, would be as large as a LG customer. Thus, the distinction between LG and GV, and the similar distinction between GV and G customers, are for reasons that may not be particularly relevant to this docket.

² See testimony of Senator Bradley & Senator Feltes dated July 10, 2015, Docket Nos. DE 11-250 & DE 14-238, page 12, line number 18.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	distribution customers who purchase energy service from a competitive energy supplier. By mitigating the impact on large users in the LG customer class particularly manufacturers we help attract and retain employment in the manufacturing sector. But by also allowing for some customer savings in the smaller customer classes, like the Residential class, we keep more money in people's pockets, promoting consumer spending and reducing costs, which helps attract and retain jobs in retail and other consumer-driven industries.
9	Further, in the testimony of Thomas C. Frantz on July 17, 2015 ³ , he states the following
10	reasons for the proposed allocation of SCRC:
11	Historically, stranded costs were allocated on an equi-proportional basis
12	across the various rate classes, but that was pre-restructuring and before
13	retail choice. Because such small percentages of the largest customers,
14	those on Rate LG and Rate GV, are currently on PSNH default service,
15	very few of the largest customers are paying any costs of the Scrubber or
16	other PSNH generation-related costs. During the past few years, less than
17	20% of the Rate LG customers and only about 25% of Rate GV
18	customers, approximately, were on PSNH's default service rate. As a
19	result, for most large commercial and industrial customers, divestiture and
20	the creation of stranded costs assessed against all distribution customers
21	would result in added costs. In order to get these two customer group's
22	support for the settlement, their proportion of the overall stranded cost
23	burden had to be reduced. Further, because these two customer groups
24	provide significant benefits to the economy through employment
25	opportunities as well as the production of goods and services, the settling
26	parties reached an agreement to minimize to the extent possible the future
27	stranded costs imposed on these ratepayers. At the same time, the
28	Settlement Agreement balances the increased burden on small residential
29	customers with the increased rate savings they will experience following
30	divestiture.

³ See testimony of Thomas C. Frantz dated July 17, 2015, Docket Nos. DE 09-035, DE 11-250 & DE 14-238, page 11, Bates number 286.

1	Q.	How will the indivio	dual rate components which are proposed in the SA for SCRC
2		allocation to PSNH	's customer classes be reflected in actual rates to each class of
3		customer?	
4	A.	According to the test	timony of Eric Chung on July 6, 2015 ⁴ , which begins with an
5		estimated stranded co	ost total of \$507,196,000 in the first year (2017), the revenue
6		requirement in the ar	nount of \$69,419,000 would be applied to each customer rate class
7		in the following man	ner:
8		Rate Class LG	0.3050 cents per kWh
9		Rate Class GV	0.8355 cents per kWh
10		Rate Class G	1.0124 cents per kWh
11		Rate Class R	1.0632 cents per kWh
12		Rate Class OL	0.8959 cents per kWh

Q. How will the individual rate components which are proposed in the SA for SCRC
allocation to PSNH's customer rate classes as reflected in the above schedule
increase average bills for each rate class of customer?

A. Clearly the "average bill" in each customer rate class does not necessarily reflect a
"typical bill". However, in an effort to determine a potential average bill, Staff reviewed
the total kWhs for each customer class as reported by PSNH for the calendar year of
2014, divided these kWhs by the number of customers in each rate class, and then
divided this number by 12 to reflect an average customer monthly usage. Then Staff

⁴ See testimony of Eric Chung dated July 6, 2015, Docket No. DE 14-238, attachment EHC-1, Page 2.

1	referred to the "Typic	cal Bill Comparisons, Including Default Energy Service" charts in				
2	PSNH's existing tari	ff effective July 1, 2015, and selected the closest kWh on the list of				
3	each rate class of cus	tomer to determine the average bill for comparison reasons.				
4	Specifically for Rate	Class G, the calculated dollar amount used for an average bill came				
5	from using 1,920 kW	h and 13 kW demand. This was used since it best reflects an				
6	average monthly usag	ge for this rate class. Also, there was no close example in the				
7	"Typical Bill Compa	risons, Including Default Energy Service" charts that represented				
8	this average usage. The monthly bill amount used for this rate class is \$381.45. The					
9	schedule below reflects that analysis.					
10 11	Rate Class LG	based on 900,000 average monthly kWh, the SA rate allocation results in results in a 2.20% bill increase;				
12 13	Rate Class GV	based on 100,000 average monthly kWh, the SA results in a 5.08% bill increase;				
14 15	Rate Class G	based on 1,920 average monthly kWh, the SA results in a 5.10% bill increase;				
16 17	Rate Class R	based on 600 average monthly kWh, the SA results in a 5.98% bill increase; and				
18 19	Rate Class OL	based on used 240 average monthly kWh, the SA results in a 2.84% bill increase.				

20 Q. Based on Staff's analysis, what other factors do you believe the Commission should

21 consider regarding the allocation of SCRC by PSNH's customer rate classes?

- 22 A. Senate Bill 221-FN, as amended and approved, expressly states that the Commission,
- may incorporate rate designs that fairly allocate the costs of divestiture of
 some or all of PSNH's generation assets among customer classes. In
 considering rate designs, the Commission shall consider the impacts on

- the economy in PSNH's service territory and the ability to attract and
 retain employment across industries.
- 3 In the testimony submitted by Senator Bradley and Senator Feltes referenced above, they
- 4 state that,

5	the proposed rate design helps with the ability to attract and retain
6	employment across industries. The proposed rate design mitigates to a
7	large extent the impact of the non-bypassable charge on large PSNH
8	distribution customers who purchase energy service from a competitive
9	energy supplier. By mitigating the impact on large users in the LG
10	customer class particularly manufacturers we help attract and retain
11	employment in the manufacturing sector.

Staff recommends that the Commission also recognize that GV rate class customers have 12 also taken advantage of the benefits of a deregulated energy market, but through the 13 14 proposed SA, they will incur a SCRC more than double the LG proposed SCRC rate. It 15 is important to note that the total annual kWh use by all GV rate class customers is 16 greater than the total used by all LG rate class customers. G rate class customers, in turn, 17 use more than the PSNH populations of GV customers. Most G rate class customers 18 have not been able to take advantage of the benefits of a deregulated energy market due 19 to low electrical load factors and the lack of robust competitive pricing for this rate class 20 from energy suppliers. Awarding a more favorable SCRC rate to LG rate class customers 21 because of their size challenges the "fair and reasonable" mandate of the Commission. In 22 fact, the state economy relies on commercial and industrial businesses of all sizes, large 23 and small, to create and maintain jobs throughout the state. Senate Bill 221-FN outlines 24 that, "[i]n considering rate designs, the Commission shall consider the impacts on the economy in PSNH's service territory and the ability to attract and retain employment 25

1	across industries." One can interpret this to mean that "all industries", even small
2	businesses, are important to the economic climate of New Hampshire.
3	Last, the residential rate class R customers have largely missed any opportunity to benefit
4	from purchasing electricity at a lower rate from energy suppliers as a result of
5	deregulation. To-date these customers, along with a majority of the G rate customers,
6	have been saddled with PSNH's default energy service rate which currently includes a
7	portion of the cost of the Merrimack Station Scrubber. Staff recommends that the
8	Commission consider this and the fact that the SA states that the full scrubber cost will be
9	reflected in the PSNH energy services rate as of January 1, 2016. Most of these
10	customers, both R and G rate classes, will take on this rate increase by themselves until at
11	least January 1, 2017, if the Commission approves the PSNH divestiture SA.

Q. Does Staff have any options for the Commission to consider in regards to the SCRC allocation to PSNH's customer classes if divestiture is ordered?

14	A.	Yes. Although historically stranded costs were allocated on an equi-proportional basis
15		across the various rate classes, Staff does not recommend this option because it causes
16		LG and GV rate class customers to be burdened with a higher percentage of the SCRC
17		costs related to the divestiture SA. Instead, Staff suggests that the Commission consider
18		an approach to the SCRC rate which equalizes the "average" increase to customers' bills
19		in each of the LG, GV, and G customer rate classes while also taking account of the
20		residential (R) customer rate class for reasons stated earlier. In the following illustrative
21		options, Staff has not changed the allocation of 0.50% originally proposed in the SA for
22		the OL rate class.

1 Option A requires allocation of the SCRC costs based on equalizing the average increase to all

2 average customers' bills per customer rate class	:
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3	Rate Class LG	13.25% of revenue requirement
4	Rate Class GV	19.99% of revenue requirement
5	Rate Class G	24.91% of revenue requirement
6	Rate Class R	41.38% of revenue requirement
7	Rate Class OL	0.50% of revenue requirement

- 8 This allocation creates a first year (2017) monthly bill increase of 5.08% for all "average"
- 9 customers' bills in each of the LG, GV, G, and R customer rate classes.

Staff Allocation Option A

			Pro	oposed k	by the Agreem	ent	S	taff Analys	is of Option A	À
2014 Billing Data	a from PSNH			Stranded Cost				Strand	led Cost	
			SA Proposed Allocation All Class Customers Pay the Rate Proposed in the Settlement Agreement Increase			Changed Allocation				
This option equalizes "average" monthly bill increase to 5.08% for all customer rate classes for the first year (excluding OL).		Percent				All "Average" LG, GV, G and R Customer Rate Classes have the same percent of increase to existing monthly bills.			Average Bill Percent Increase	
Rate Class	Residential		Percent Allocation	SCRC Rate (cents)	Monthly		Percent Allocation	SCRC Rate (cents)	Monthly	
Total Kwh delivered	3,183,055,000	40.26%	48.75%	1.0632	\$6.38	5.98%	41.38%	0.9024	\$5.41	5.08%
Number of customers	427,123	84.74%								
Average Monthly KWH Per Cust	621									
Footnote 1	600	\$ 106.68								
Rate Class	Small C&I Rate	G								
Total Kwh delivered	1,714,139,000	21.68%	25.00%	1.0124	\$19.44	5.10%	24.91%	1.009	\$19.37	5.08%
Number of customers	74,415	14.76%								
Average KWH Per Cust	1,920									
Footnote 2	1,920	\$ 381.45								
Rate Class	Medium C&I Ra	te GV								
Total Kwh delivered	1,661,784,000	21.02%	20.00%	0.8355	\$835.48	5.08%	19.99%	0.835	\$835.00	5.08%
Number of customers	1,391	0.28%			1					
Average KWH Per Cust	99,556									
Footnote 3	100,000	\$ 16,450.96								
Rate Class	Large C&I Rate I									
Total Kwh delivered	1,308,838,000	16.55%	5.75%	0.3050	\$2,744.75	2.20%	13.25%	0.7028	\$6,325.20	5.08%
Number of customers	123	0.02%								
Average KWH Per Cust	886,747									
Footnote 4		\$124,631.78								
Rate Class	Outdoor Lightin									
Total Kwh delivered	38,741,000	0.49%	0.50%	0.8959	\$2.15	2.84%	0.50%	0.8959	\$2.15	2.84%
Number of customers	973	0.19%	0.0070		4		0.0070		~- 25	1.0.70
Average KWH Per Cust	240	\$ 75.82	100.00%				100.03%			
Footnote 5										
	Total Retail bill									
Total Kwh delivered	7,906,557,000		First year p	avment	\$69,419,000		First vea	r payment	\$69,419,000	
Number of customers	504,024			- je.it	+00,120,000			,,e.it	,,,,	
(Staff referred to the "Typical Bill Comparisons, Including selected the closest kWh on the list of each class of custor where there was not an example with similar "average" kW Footnote 1 Rate Class R, the dollar amount was used for a bill with 60 Footnote 2 *Rate Class G, the dollar amount was used for a bill with monthly. Footnote 3 Rate Class GV, the dollar amount was used for a bill with footnote 4 Rate Class LG, the dollar amount was used for a bill with footnote 4 Rate Class GV, the dollar amount was used for a bill with footnote 4										
Footnote 5	Rate Class OL, the \$75.82 monthly.	Rate Class OL, the dollar amount was used for a bill with (1) 1,000 high pressure sodium for 240 hours of use. That amount is bill amoun i75.82 monthly.							amount is	

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Below please find an alternative allocation (Option B) to consider which creates a first

2

year (2017) monthly bill increase of 4.84% for all average customers' bills in each of the

1 LG, GV, and G customer rate classes while also considering the residential (R) customer

2 rate class for reasons stated earlier.

3	Rate Class LG	12.63% of revenue requirement
4	Rate Class GV	19.06% of revenue requirement
5	Rate Class G	23.75% of revenue requirement
6	Rate Class R	44.11% of revenue requirement
7	Rate Class OL	0.50% of revenue requirement
8	In this optional alloca	ation, the SCRC rate charge of 0.962 cents per kWh is the same for
9	both G and R custom	er rate classes, and the average monthly bills for the R customer rate
10	class would increase	by 5.41%, as illustrated below:

Staff Allocation Option B

			Pr		y the Agreem	ent	Staff Analysis of Option B							
2014 Billing Dat	a from PSNH			Stra	nded Cost		Stranded Cost							
			SA Proposed	Allocatio	n		Changed Allocation							
This option equalizes "average" r for all customer G, GV and LG r (excluding OL) while keeping th kWh for customer R a	ate classes for th e SCRC charge th	e first year ne same per			ettlement	Customer same pe	GV and G es have the acrease to ly bills	Average Bill Percent Increase						
Rate Class	Residential		Percent Allocation	SCRC Rate (cents)	Monthly		Percent Allocation	SCRC Rate (cents)	Monthly					
Total Kwh delivered	3,183,055,000	40.26%	48.75%	1.0632	\$6.38	5.98%	44.11%	0.962	\$5.77	5.41%				
Number of customers	427,123	84.74%												
Aveerage Monthly KWH Per Cust	621													
Footnote 1	600	\$ 106.68												
Rate Class	Small C&I Rate	G												
Total Kwh delivered	1,714,139,000	21.68%	25.00%	1.0124	\$19.44	5.10%	23.75%	0.962	\$18.47	4.84%				
Number of customers	74,415	14.76%												
Average KWH Per Cust	1,920													
Footnote 2	1,920	\$ 381.45												
Rate Class	Medium C&I Ra	te GV												
Total Kwh delivered	1,661,784,000	21.02%	20.00%	0.8355	\$835.48	5.08%	19.06%	0.796	\$796.00	4.84%				
Number of customers	1,391	0.28%			1									
Average KWH Per Cust	99,556													
Footnote 3	100,000	\$ 16,450.96												
Rate Class	Large C&I Rate	G												
Total Kwh delivered	1,308,838,000	16.55%	5.75%	0.3050	\$2,744.75	2.20%	12.63%	0.67	\$6,030.00	4.84%				
Number of customers	123	0.02%							1.,					
Average KWH Per Cust	886,747													
Footnote 4	900,000	\$124,631.78												
Rate Class	Outdoor Lightir													
Total Kwh delivered	38,741,000	0.49%	0.50%	0.8959	\$2.15	2.84%	0.50%	0.8959	\$2.15	2.84%				
Number of customers	973	0.19%		0.0000	φ 2 .125		0.0070	0.0000	φ 1 .15					
Average KWH Per Cust	240	\$ 75.82	100.00%				100.05%							
Footnote 5	(1) 1000 high p													
	Total Retail bill													
Total Kwh delivered	7,906,557,000		First year p	avment	\$69,419,000		First vea	r navment	\$69,419,000					
Number of customers			i not year p	ayment	<i>403,</i> 113,000		st yea		<i>203</i> , 113,000					
Footnote 1	504,024 Image: Comparison of the second													
Footnote 3	monthly. Rate Class GV. the	edollar amount	it was used for a bill with 100,000 kWh and 500 kW demand. That bill amount is \$16,450.96 monthly.											
					,				4,631.78 monthly.					
	Rate Class OL, the \$75.82 monthly.													

- 1 Below please find a third alternative allocation (Option C) to consider which creates a 2 first year (2017) monthly bill increase of 4.43% for all average customers' bills in each of 3 the LG, GV, and G customer rate classes. Rate Class LG 11.56% of revenue requirement 4 Rate Class GV 5 17.45% of revenue requirement Rate Class G 21.75% of revenue requirement 6 7 Rate Class R 48.75% of revenue requirement 8 Rate Class OL 0.50% of revenue requirement
- 9 In this optional allocation of SCRC, R customer rate class average monthly bills would
 10 increase by 5.98%. This is the same monthly bill increase for residential customers that
 11 is proposed in the SA when using the same average bill assumptions as previously
 12 explained in this testimony.

Staff Allocation Option C

			Prop	osed by	the Agreem	ent	S	taff Analys	is of Option (C		
2014 Billing Data	from PSNH			Strar	nded Cost		Stranded Cost					
			SA Proposed A	llocatio	n		Changed Allocation					
This option equalizes "average" n for all customer G, GV and LG ra (excluding OL) while keeping the customer R rate class a	ite classes for th SCRC charge the	e first year same for the	All Class Custo Proposed ir Agr		ttlement	Average Bill Percent Increase	All "Average" LG, GV and G Customer Rate Classes have the same percent of increase to existing monthly bills			Average Bill Percent Increase		
			Percent	SCRC	Monthly		Percent	SCRC	Monthly			
Rate Class	Residential		Allocation	Rate	wontiny		Allocation	Rate	wontiny			
Total Kwh delivered	3,183,055,000		48.75%	1.0632	\$6.38	5.98%	48.75%	1.0632	\$6.38	5.98%		
Number of customers	427,123	84.74%										
Aveerage Monthly KWH Per Cust	621											
Footnote 1	600	\$ 106.68										
Rate Class	Small C&I Rate	G										
Total Kwh delivered	1,714,139,000	21.68%	25.00%	1.0124	\$19.44	5.10%	21.75%	0.881	\$16.92	4.43%		
Number of customers	74,415	14.76%										
Average KWH Per Cust	1,920											
Footnote 2	1,920	\$ 381.45										
Rate Class	Medium C&I Ra	ite GV										
Total Kwh delivered	1,661,784,000	21.02%	20.00%	0.8355	\$835.48	5.08%	17.45%	0.729	\$729.00	4.43%		
Number of customers	1,391	0.28%										
Average KWH Per Cust	99,556											
Footnote 3	100.000	\$ 16,450.96										
Rate Class	Large C&I Rate	. ,										
Total Kwh delivered	1,308,838,000		5.75%	0.3050	\$2.744.75	2.20%	11.56%	0.613	\$5,517.00	4.43%		
Number of customers	123		0.7070	0.0000	<i><i><i>ϕ</i>_{<i>L</i>}<i>,</i>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</i></i>	2.2070	11.00/0	0.010	<i>\$0,017100</i>			
Average KWH Per Cust	886.747	0.02/0										
Footnote 4	900,000	\$124,631.78										
Rate Class	Outdoor Lightir											
Total Kwh delivered	38,741,000	, The second sec	0.50%	0.8959	\$2.15	2.84%	0.50%	0.8959	\$2.15	2.84%		
Number of customers	973 si,741,000		0.30%	0.8959	Ş2.15	2.04/0	0.30%	0.8333	Ş2.15	2.04/0		
Average KWH Per Cust	973 240		100.00%				100.01%					
	(1) 1000 high p						100.01%					
Footnote 5												
Tatal Kook, da Boornad	Total Retail bill				¢c0 440 000		Einsteinen		¢C0 440 000			
Total Kwh delivered	7,906,557,000				\$69,419,000		First yea	r payment	\$69,419,000			
Number of customers	504,024											
	(Staff referred to selected the close where there was	est kWh on the li not an example v	st of each class o with similar "aver	of custon age" kW	her to determin h in PSNH's ex	ne the "average b amples.)	ill" for comp	arison reas				
	Rate Class R, the											
Footnote 2	 *Rate Class G, the dollar amount was used for a bill with 1,920 kWh and 13 kW demand (single phase service). That bill amount i \$381.45 monthly. Rate Class GV, the dollar amount was used for a bill with 100,000 kWh and 500 kW demand. That bill amount is \$16,450.96 monthly. 											
Footnote 3												
	 ⁴ Rate Class LG, the dollar amount was used for a bill with 900,000 kWh and 300 hours use. That amount is bill \$124,631.78 monthly. ⁵ Rate Class OL, the dollar amount was used for a bill with (1) 1,000 high pressure sodium for 240 hours of use. That amount is bill amount is \$75.82 monthly. 											

Below please find the allocation options for the Commission to consider when reviewing
 the SCRC rate for each customer rate class in the event that the divestiture of PSNH
 Generation assets are ordered in the manner outlined within the Settlement Agreement.

- 1 Table 4 represents the proposed allocation presented in the SA. Tables 5, 6 and 7
- 2 illustrate Staff's three optional SCRC allocations detailed above. Simple interest was
- 3 used for illustrative purposes.

Original Allocation of SCRC as Proposed on the Settlement Agreement

										Ori	ginal securitized	amount from	Chung example:	\$ 507,196	(000)
See	curitization I	Payment Su	mmary			Per	cent interes	st>>>	0.03		48.75%	25.00%	20.00%	5.75%	0.50%
Set	ttlement Ag	reement Pr	oposed Allocati	on of SCRC C	harges	Ye	ars to Pay>>	·>>>	15						
Be	low represe	nts Eric Chu	ng's numbers in	Attachment	EHC-1 pages	1 and 2 date	d 7/6/15.		\$ 507.196				0.1455	0.1145	
		Principal	Interest	Admin	Тах	PPA's	Total	1	1						Outdoor
Yea	ar	Payment	Payment	Payment	Stabilization	Impact	Payment		Balance		Residential	Small C&I	Medium C&I	Large C&I	Lighting
									*(000)	Actual 2014 KWH	3,183,055,000	1,714,139,000	1,661,784,000	1,308,838,000	38,741,00
						Ori	ginal amour	1t>>>	\$507,196	Allocation>>>	48.75%	25.00%	20.00%	5.75%	0.50
	2017	\$ 33,813	\$ 15,215.88	\$ 890	\$ 3,500	\$ 16,000	\$ 69,419		\$ 473,383		0.010632	0.010124	0.008355	0.003050	0.008959
	2018	\$ 33,813	\$ 14,201.49	\$ 890	\$ 2,400	\$ 16,000	\$ 67,305		\$ 439,570		0.010308	0.009816	0.008100	0.002957	0.008686
	2019	\$ 33,813	\$ 13,187.10	\$ 891	\$ 1,200	\$ 16,000	\$ 65,091		\$ 405,757		0.009969	0.009493	0.007834	0.002860	0.008403
-	2020	\$ 33,813	\$ 12,172.70	\$ 892		\$ 16,000	\$ 62,878		\$ 371,944		0.009630	0.009170	0.007568	0.002762	0.00811
5	2021	\$ 33,813	\$ 11,158.31			\$ 16,000	\$ 61,864		\$ 338,131		0.009475	0.009023	0.007446	0.002718	0.00798
5	2022	1	\$ 10,143.92			\$ 16,000	\$ 60,851		\$ 304,318		0.009320	0.008875	0.007324	0.002673	0.00785
7	2023		\$ 9,129.53			\$ 16,000	\$ 59,838		\$ 270,505		0.009164	0.008727	0.007202	0.002629	0.00772
	2024	1 1	\$ 8,115.14			\$ 17,000	\$ 59,824		\$ 236,691		0.009162	0.008725	0.007200	0.002628	0.007721
9	2025	1	\$ 7,100.74	\$ 897		\$ 17,000	\$ 58,811		\$ 202,878		0.009007	0.008577	0.007078	0.002584	0.007590
	2026	1	\$ 6,086.35			\$ 17,000	\$ 57,797		\$ 169,065		0.008852	0.008430	0.006956	0.002539	0.007455
-	2027	\$ 33,813	\$ 5,071.96			\$ 17,000	\$ 56,784		\$ 135,252		0.008697	0.008282	0.006834	0.002495	0.007329
2	2028	1	\$ 4,057.57			\$ 17,000	\$ 55,771		\$ 101,439		0.008542	0.008134	0.006712	0.002450	0.007198
3	2029	1 1	\$ 3,043.18			\$ 17,000	\$ 54,757		\$ 67,626		0.008386	0.007986	0.006590	0.002406	0.007067
1	2030	1	\$ 2,028.78			\$ 17,000	\$ 53,744	<u> </u>	\$ 33,813		0.008231	0.007838	0.006468	0.002361	0.006936
	2031	\$ 33,813	\$ 1,014.39	\$ 903		\$ 17,000	\$ 52,730	1	\$ 0	1	0.008076	0.007691	0.006346	0.002317	0.006806

Table 5

Staff Option A of Proposed SCRC Allocation

																Ori	ginal securitized	amount from	Chung example:	\$ 507,196	(000)
	Securitization F	ayment Su	mm	ary						Per	cen	nt interes	;t>>>		0.03		48.75%	25.00%	20.00%	5.75%	0.50%
	Potential (Opti	on A) from	Staf	f on Propose	d All	ocation	of S	CRC Cha	rges	Ye	ars	to Pay>>	>>>>		15						
	Below represer	nts changes	in a	allocation to	each	cusstor	ner c	lass.						\$	507,196						
		Principal	Int	terest	Adm	in	Тах		PP/	۹'s	Tota	al									Outdoor
	Year	Payment	Pa	yment	Payn	nent	Stab	oilizatior	Imp	oact	Pay	ment		Bala	ince		Residential	Small C&I	Medium C&I	Large C&I	Lighting
														*(0	00)	Actual 2014 KWH	3,183,055,000	1,714,139,000	1,661,784,000	1,308,838,000	38,741,000
										Ori	igina	al amoun	1t>>>		\$507,196	Allocation>>>	41.38%	24.91%	19.99%	13.75%	0.50%
1	2017	\$ 33,813	\$	15,215.88	\$	890	\$	3,500	\$	16,000	\$	69,419		\$	473,383		0.009620	0.009618	0.007962	0.006699	0.008959
2	2018	\$ 33,813	\$	14,201.49	\$	890	\$	2,400	\$	16,000	\$	67,305		\$	439,570		0.009327	0.009325	0.007720	0.006495	0.008686
3	2019	\$ 33,813	\$	13,187.10	\$	891	\$	1,200	\$	16,000	\$	65,091		\$	405,757		0.009020	0.009019	0.007466	0.006281	0.008401
4	2020	\$ 33,813	\$	12,172.70	\$	892			\$	16,000	\$	62,878		\$	371,944		0.008713	0.008712	0.007212	0.006068	0.008115
5	2021	\$ 33,813	\$	11,158.31	\$	893			\$	16,000	\$	61,864		\$	338,131		0.008573	0.008572	0.007096	0.005970	0.007984
6	2022	\$ 33,813	\$	10,143.92	\$	894			\$	16,000	\$	60,851		\$	304,318		0.008433	0.008431	0.006979	0.005872	0.007854
7	2023	\$ 33,813	\$	9,129.53	\$	895			\$	16,000	\$	59,838		\$	270,505		0.008292	0.008291	0.006863	0.005774	0.007723
8	2024	\$ 33,813	\$	8,115.14	\$	896			\$	17,000	\$	59,824		\$	236,691		0.008290	0.008289	0.006862	0.005773	0.007721
9	2025	\$ 33,813	\$	7,100.74	\$	897			\$	17,000	\$	58,811		\$	202,878		0.008150	0.008148	0.006745	0.005675	0.007590
0	2026	\$ 33,813	\$	6,086.35	\$	898			\$	17,000	\$	57,797		\$	169,065		0.008009	0.008008	0.006629	0.005577	0.007459
1	2027	\$ 33,813	\$	5,071.96	\$	899			\$	17,000	\$	56,784		\$	135,252		0.007869	0.007868	0.006513	0.005480	0.007329
2	2028	\$ 33,813	\$	4,057.57	\$	900			\$	17,000	\$	55,771		\$	101,439		0.007729	0.007727	0.006397	0.005382	0.007198
3	2029	\$ 33,813	\$	3,043.18	\$	901			\$	17,000	\$	54,757		\$	67,626		0.007588	0.007587	0.006280	0.005284	0.007067
.4	2030	\$ 33,813	\$	2,028.78	\$	902			\$	17,000	\$	53,744		\$	33,813		0.007448	0.007446	0.006164	0.005186	0.006936
5	2031	\$ 33,813	\$	1,014.39	\$	903			\$	17,000	\$	52,730	1	\$	0		0.007307	0.007306	0.006048	0.005088	0.006806

Staff Option B of Proposed SCRC Allocation

														Ori	ginal securitized	amount from	Chung example:	\$ 507,196	(000)
	Securitization F	Payment Su	mmary					Per	cent	t interes	t>>>		0.03		48.75%	25.00%	20.00%	5.75%	0.50%
	Potential (Opti	on B) from S	Staff on Propo	sed Alloca	tion	of SCRC Cha	rges	: Ye	ars t	o Pay>>	>>>>		15						
	Below represe	nts changes	in allocation	to each cus	ston	ner class.						\$	507,196						
		Principal	Interest	Admin		Тах	PP	A's	Tota	1									Outdoor
	Year	Payment	Payment	Paymen	nt	Stabilizatio	nIm	pact	Payr	nent		Bala	ance		Residential	Small C&I	Medium C&I	Large C&I	Lighting
												*(0	00)	Actual 2014 KWH	3,183,055,000	1,714,139,000	1,661,784,000	1,308,838,000	38,741,000
								Ori	gina	l amoun	t>>>		\$507,196	Allocation>>>	44.11%	23.75%	19.06%	12.63%	0.50%
1	2017	\$ 33,813	\$ 15,215.8	8 \$ 8	890	\$ 3,500	\$	16,000	\$	69,419		\$	473,383		0.009620	0.009618	0.007962	0.006699	0.008959
2	2018	\$ 33,813	\$ 14,201.4	9 \$ 8	890	\$ 2,400	\$	16,000	\$	67,305		\$	439,570		0.009327	0.009325	0.007720	0.006495	0.008686
3	2019	\$ 33,813	\$ 13,187.1	0 \$ 3	891	\$ 1,200	\$	16,000	\$	65,091		\$	405,757		0.009020	0.009019	0.007466	0.006281	0.008401
4	2020	\$ 33,813	\$ 12,172.7	0 \$ 3	892		\$	16,000	\$	62,878		\$	371,944		0.008713	0.008712	0.007212	0.006068	0.008115
5	2021	\$ 33,813	\$ 11,158.3	1 \$ 8	893		\$	16,000	\$	61,864		\$	338,131		0.008573	0.008572	0.007096	0.005970	0.007984
6	2022	\$ 33,813	\$ 10,143.9	2 \$ 8	894		\$	16,000	\$	60,851		\$	304,318		0.008433	0.008431	0.006979	0.005872	0.007854
7	2023	\$ 33,813	\$ 9,129.5	3 \$ 8	895		\$	16,000	\$	59,838		\$	270,505		0.008292	0.008291	0.006863	0.005774	0.007723
8	2024	\$ 33,813	\$ 8,115.1	4 \$ 3	896		\$	17,000	\$	59,824		\$	236,691		0.008290	0.008289	0.006862	0.005773	0.007721
9	2025	\$ 33,813	\$ 7,100.7	4 \$ 3	897		\$	17,000	\$	58,811		\$	202,878		0.008150	0.008148	0.006745	0.005675	0.007590
10	2026	+ 00/010	\$ 6,086.3		898		\$	17,000	\$	57,797		\$	169,065		0.008009	0.008008	0.006629	0.005577	0.007459
11	2027	1	\$ 5,071.9	·	899		\$	17,000	\$	56,784		\$	135,252		0.007869	0.007868	0.006513	0.005480	0.007329
12	2028	\$ 33,813	\$ 4,057.5	· • •	900		\$	17,000	\$	55,771		\$	101,439		0.007729	0.007727	0.006397	0.005382	0.007198
13	2029	1 7	\$ 3,043.1		901		\$	17,000	\$	54,757		\$	67,626		0.007588	0.007587	0.006280	0.005284	0.007067
14	2030	\$ 33,813	\$ 2,028.7		902		\$	17,000	\$	53,744		\$	33,813		0.007448	0.007446	0.006164	0.005186	0.006936
15	2031	\$ 33,813	\$ 1,014.3	9 \$ 9	903		\$	17,000	\$	52,730		\$	0		0.007307	0.007306	0.006048	0.005088	0.006806

Table 7

Staff Option C of Proposed SCRC Allocation

																Ori	ginal securitized	amount from	Chung example:	\$ 507,196	(000)
	Securitization P	Payment S	um	mary						Per	cen	t interes	t>>>		0.03		48.75%	25.00%	20.00%	5.75%	0.50%
	Potential (Opti	on C) from	n Sta	aff on Propose	d Allo	ocation	of SC	CRC Char	ges	Ye	ars	to Pay>>	>>>>		15						
	Below represer	nts change	s in	allocation to	each	cusstor	mer c	lass.						Ś	507.196						
		Principal	_		Adm		Тах		PP/	A's	Tota	al		T	,						Outdoor
	Year	Payment	P	Payment	Payn	nent	Stab	oilizatior	Imp	oact	Payı	ment		Bala	ince		Residential	Small C&I	Medium C&I	Large C&I	Lighting
														*(0	00)	Actual 2014 KWH	3,183,055,000	1,714,139,000	1,661,784,000	1,308,838,000	38,741,000
										Ori	gina	al amoun	t>>>		\$507,196	Allocation>>>	48.75%	21.75%	17.45%	11.56%	0.50%
1	2017	\$ 33,81	3	\$ 15,215.88	\$	890	\$	3,500	\$	16,000	\$	69,419		\$	473,383		0.010632	0.008808	0.007290	0.006131	0.008959
2	2018	\$ 33,81	3	\$ 14,201.49	\$	890	\$	2,400	\$	16,000	\$	67,305		\$	439,570		0.010308	0.008540	0.007067	0.005945	0.008686
3	2019	\$ 33,81	3	\$ 13,187.10	\$	891	\$	1,200	\$	16,000	\$	65,091		\$	405,757		0.009969	0.008259	0.006835	0.005749	0.008401
4	2020	\$ 33,81	3	\$ 12,172.70	\$	892			\$	16,000	\$	62,878		\$	371,944		0.009630	0.007978	0.006603	0.005554	0.008115
5	2021		-	\$ 11,158.31	\$	893			\$	16,000	\$	61,864		\$	338,131		0.009475	0.007850	0.006496	0.005464	0.007984
6	2022	1		\$ 10,143.92	\$	894			\$	16,000	\$	60,851		\$	304,318		0.009320	0.007721	0.006390	0.005375	0.007854
7	2023	1	_	\$ 9,129.53	\$	895	-		\$	16,000	\$	59,838		\$	270,505		0.009164	0.007593	0.006283	0.005285	0.007723
8	2024	1	_	\$ 8,115.14	\$	896			\$	17,000	\$	59,824		\$	236,691		0.009162	0.007591	0.006282	0.005284	0.007721
9	2025	1		\$ 7,100.74	\$	897			\$	17,000	\$	58,811		\$	202,878		0.009007	0.007462	0.006176	0.005194	0.007590
10	2026	1	_	\$ 6,086.35	\$	898			\$	17,000	\$	57,797		\$	169,065		0.008852	0.007334	0.006069	0.005105	0.007459
11	2027		-	\$ 5,071.96	\$	899			\$	17,000	\$	56,784		Ş	135,252		0.008697	0.007205	0.005963	0.005015	0.007329
12	2028	\$ 33,81	_	\$ 4,057.57	\$	900			\$	17,000	\$	55,771		Ş	101,439		0.008542	0.007077	0.005856	0.004926	0.007198
13	2029	1	_	\$ 3,043.18	\$ \$	901 902			\$ \$	17,000	\$	54,757		Ş	67,626		0.008386	0.006948	0.005750	0.004836	0.007067
14	2030	1		\$ 2,028.78	ş	902	-		Ş	17,000	\$ \$	53,744 52,730		Ş	33,813		0.008231	0.006819	0.005537	0.004747	0.006936
۱5	2031	\$ 33,81	5	\$ 1,014.39	Ş	903			Ş	17,000	Ş	52,730		Ş	0		0.008076	0.006691	0.005537	0.004657	0.006806

Q. Does Staff have a position with respect to the SCRC allocation to PSNH's customer classes?

3 A. Staff believes that all commercial and industrial businesses contribute to the economic 4 vitality of New Hampshire. Staff is not convinced that all customer rate classes have 5 been fully considered in the Settlement Agreement. This testimony is designed to 6 provide the Commission with options to consider when finalizing how SCRC should be allocated among PSNH's customer rate classes if divestiture is ordered as proposed. 7 Although Staff allocation option A brings a balance to average customer bill increases 8 9 based on the assumptions in this testimony as a result of SCRC costs, Staff allocation 10 option B also considers relief to the R customer rate class while keeping the average 11 increase in customer bills for the LG, GV, and G customer rate classes the same. 12 Keeping the bill increase in LG, GV, and G customer rate classes equalized achieves a 13 balance to all commercial and industrial businesses within PSNH's service territory. As 14 stated previously, the New Hampshire economy relies on commercial and industrial 15 businesses of all sizes, large and small, to create and maintain jobs throughout the state. 16 Staff's allocation options reflect three of many options.

17 Q. Does this conclude your testimony regarding the allocation of stranded costs

18 through the SCRC mechanism proposed in the Agreement?

A. Yes it does.